



**Boisbriand Arborvitae**

*Thuja occidentalis 'Boisbriand'*

Height: 9 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Eastern White Cedar

**Description:**

A most interesting evergreen shrub, maintains a densely conical egg-shape without pruning, use for its unique shape in the garden or shrub border; hardy and adaptable, best with adequate sun, protect from drying winds

**Ornamental Features**

Boisbriand Arborvitae is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its decidedly oval form. It has dark green evergreen foliage. The scale-like sprays of foliage remain dark green throughout the winter.

**Landscape Attributes**

Boisbriand Arborvitae is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a shapely oval form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub. When pruning is necessary, it is recommended to only trim back the new growth of the current season, other than to remove any dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Boisbriand Arborvitae is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



*Boisbriand Arborvitae*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Boisbriand Arborvitae*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



**Barrie Location**  
4346 Highway 90  
Springwater, Ontario  
L9X 1T7

**Bradford Location**  
3817 County Road 4  
Bradford, Ontario  
L3Z 2A5

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### **Planting & Growing**

Boisbriand Arborvitae will grow to be about 9 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.